Постерная онлайн-конференция как площадка для презентации результатов проектной работы

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Задача

Обсуждаем ранние результаты проекта/курса

Выводим студентов из splendid isolation

Учим студентов объяснять результаты на публику

Знакомим будущих научных руководителей и подопечных

Решение

Перед конференцией можно посмотреть прокомментировать постеры и видеопрезентации

В день конференции -тематические Q&A сессии

Приглашаем преподавателей департамента/факультета

Подготовка со студентами

- Проектные семинары: обсуждаем формат мероприятия, структуру постера, удачные и неудачные практики оформления
- Совместно формулируем критерии оценки постера
- Заявки -- расширенные аннотации: анонимизируем, оцениваем с двумя ассистентами, даём студентам комментарии по доработке
- Постеры размещаем за несколько дней на онлайн-платформе для ознакомления

Конференция

- Q&A сессии в Zoom по 30 мин, объединяем докладчиков по тематике, не презентуем постеры -- только обсуждаем
- Студенты получают балл за содержательные вопросы к постерам коллег
- Голосование за лучший постер (топ-3 получают + балл к оценке)
- Оценка постера по критериям двумя ассистентами

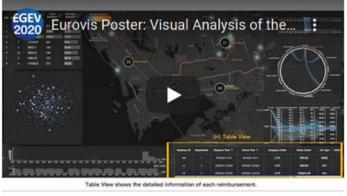


Вебсайт-блог с превью постеров

Poster 5110: Visual Analysis of the Traffic Reimbursement Data for the Overtime

добавим #хэштеги





видеопрезентация

откроем комментарии

докладчик

заголовок

вкратце задаётся тема

бэкграунд исследования 1st Mini-Conference on Demo-Reviews of Research MiC DRoP March 04, 2020, Higher School of Economics - St. Petersburg, Russin

how sharing emotions online affects your mental state?

introduction

Nowadays, one can share his/her emotions discontent, sadness, fear, joy at Instagram stories, Telegram channel, post at VK or other online platforms. It presents an interest how such new forms of sharing influence at sharer's mental state. Does it has a therautepic effect? However, it is impossible to explore it without having a view at the development of the field about doing the same and getting effects "offline".

development of methodology

In 2000 Stanton have summarized 4 articles of different design to construct and then check the validity of scales that measure soping with stress via expressing emotions. This scale have for a long time been an inspiration for scientists to check the work of emotions.

For example, scientists even in a e-sphere of research (Chen and Lee, 2013. Rosen, 2013, etc.) have used in their studies self-filled questionarries about an impact of writing at Facebook on their emotions and the effect of them.

However, in 2015 in the work by Settani & Marengo an machine analysis of text corpuses was appled. They have investigated what people have written on the word-markers of their well-being comparing it to the self-reported conditions of their actual wel-being after sharing emotions that provides a higher validity of findings.

However, it is still not clear how expression of emotions online is different for acrive users of internet and a group of internet excluded people - will it give the same coping effect or will it be higher/lower.

key ideas

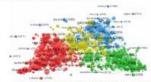
Demand of sharing emotions appears due to cognitive dissonance in accepting the incident that have heppened to them[Festinger, 1957], so they need evalution of others to sort it (Rime, 1991).

Sharing emotions as text information helps to structurate feelings and emotions and find ways to act to solve the problem that caused emotions or at least regulte it(Kennedy-Moore, 2001). Pennebaker in his work from late 90-s to early 20-s has invetigated the use of writing about stressful experience on actual physical healing.

Personalities of people in real life are connected to the emotion they express and percieve via using social networking sites ((Kramer, 2010; Moreno et al., 2011; Fernandez et al., 2012, etc.)

Term coping has appeard at Lazarus's work in 1984 and reffers to effort, to solve personal and interpersonal problems.

data/method



The bibliographic coupling map on a research spicihodes are authors and above of articles, between indicate coupling links between bibliographies, node sizes bedicate how much literes a document soon entered to le relation to overall corpus of article's information, and the cluster resolution's value is 0.57. The filler in min. 4 clustoms, final set consists of 877 livers, scale is 0.57, size varieties in 0.6.

Data is articles from Web of Sceince and Scopus databases. Scientific software was used for further invistigation * CITNetExplorer, VOSViewer.

Maps made in it have helped to highlight clusters of articles on relevant topic - expression emotions and the effect of it; co-citation maps have helped to understand what articles had the biggest wealth by being the most referred to; overlay maps for different periods helped to see the development of the field.

выводы исследования

графики

технические детали